[डा० रत्नाकर सांडेय]

... (**व्यवधान**) वी० पी० सिंघल को सेंसर बोर्ड का सदस्य बनाया कि नहीं, मंत्री महोदय इसका स्पष्टीकरण दें। उन्होंने वी. पी. सिंह ... (**व्यवधान**)... उसको मैम्बर बनाया है। उनकी क्या क्वालिटी है, यह सदन जानना चाहता है?

श्री कैलाश नारायण सारंग: उपसभापति महोदया, मुझे बोलने दिया जाए। ... (**व्यवधान**) जो कुछ कहा गया है वह असत्य कहा गया है। मैं आपके माध्यम से यह बताना चाहता हूं कि मध्य प्रदेश में जब से भारतीय जनता पार्टी की सरकार आई है ... (**व्यवधान**)

श्री कैलाश नारायण सारंग : हिन्दू-मुस्लिम सौहार्द है कहीं कोई अत्याचार नहीं हो रहा है ... (**व्यवधान**)... यह सब असत्य है, राजनीति से प्रेरित है ... (**व्यवधान**) ... मनगढन्त और बनाया गया है ... (**व्यवधान**) ... रायसेन में दंगा कांग्रेस के लोगों ने कराया ... (**व्यवधान**)...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The House stands adjourned for lunch till 2·30 P. M. All the other special mentions will be taken up after the Short-Duration Discussion.

The House then adjourned for lunch at thirtyone minutes past one of the clock.

The House reassembled after lunch at thirty-three minutes past two of the clock, **The Deputy Chairman** in the Chair.

THE GOVERNORS (EMOLUMENTS, ALLOWANCES AND PRIVILEGES) AMENDMENT BILL, 1990—Contd.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: We were half way through the Governors (Emoluments, Allowances and Privileges) Amendment Bill, we shall take it up now. After we finish some legislative business, I will allow Special Mentions because, at 4 o'clock, we have a Short-Duration Discussion and we will take up the Special Mentions a little later.

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN) (Tamil Nadu): What about the National Commission for Women Bill?

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: As soon as we finish this. But let us see how we proceed. If everybody co-operates, we will discuss everything. Now, the Leader of the House has said that he would be piloting this Bill now.

The question is:

That Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1, *the Enacting Formula and the Title were added to the Bill.*

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY : Madam, I beg to move:

That the Bill be passed.

The question was proposed.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY (Pondicherry): Madam, I want to speak on this.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: All right.

SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA (Uttar Pradesh) : Madam, I have also given my name.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, I thank you for giving me this opportunity to speak on this Bill. Madam, I support this Bill.

Madam, the attitude of the Go-

and their using the office of Governor are highly deplorable. When the Congress (I) Party was ruling this country, the leaders who are sitting here as the Opposition and, at that time, they said that political appointments were made in appointing Governors, that Political personalities were being appointed as Governors and so on and then the Sarkaria Commission was appointed. In the Sarkaria Commission Report, it has been clearly said that, as far as possible, appointing political personalities as Governors should be avoided. What has happened today? Madam, I am not attacking any person. I am not casting aspersions on any person. Most of the persons who have been appointed as Governors by the present Government are political personalities. Take the case of Shri Virendra Verma or of Shri B. Satyanarayana Reddy. All of them are active politicians. They have been in active politics. They have been appointed as Governors.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Now they are not Members of this House. Please don't mention them. Don't take the names. (*Interruptions*)

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH (West Bengal): Mr. Arjun Singh was elected leader of the Madhya Pradesh Legislataive Party and the next day he was made the Governor.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, now the cat is out of the bag. Mr. Dipen Ghosh is telling about Mr. Arjun Singh's appointment.

(*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Don't stay in a glass house. Let us all be in Rajya Sabha.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: The Leader of the House is here. He can defend the case. I am on a very important point. Now Mr. Dipen Ghosh is in a glass house. Unfortunately he has joined hands with the National Front and he is supporting the present unstable Government. Now he is in a glass house and he is throwing stones. (*Interruptions*) Now the same leaders who are sitting on the other side and are the ruling party members, attacked the Congress (I) Government saying that political appointments were made when some persons were made Governors. Today, out and out one hundred per cent Governors are being appointed on political considerations. Person in active politics are being asked to resign their posts and they are tipped for the post of Governors. I refer to it because the recommendations of the Sarkaria Commissions say that . . .

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: It is the third reading. You can't speak much.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, I deplore it. I say that this Government is adopting double standards. This Government is talking about value-based politics and issue-based politics. Now they have become zero-based politics.

Secondly, the Governors are being used by this National Front Government to destabilise Congress Ministries in other States.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please conclude now.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Take the case of Goa. Take the case of Manipur. Take the case of Nagaland. In all these States, the Governors were used by the National Front Government which is preaching value-based politics, for the purpose of destablising the Congress Government there. This is how the present National Front Government is functioning. Therefore, I would ltke to say that if they go on using the Governors for the purpose of meeting their political ends, then we will not

[Shri V. Narayanasamy]

keep quiet as a political party. (*Time bell rings*) Madam, I am completing within one minute. (*Interruptions*) Let the constitutional provision be followed.

PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE (West Bengal): Mr. Narayanasamy, you will not keep quiet in the future.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: He said that at least sometime he is going to keep quiet. I am happy for that. If he says he is going to keep quiet any time, I will appreciate it.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: In Tripura, the extra-constitutional authority headed by Shri N. T. Rama Rao and a few other Janta Dal leaders went there. A report was submitted saying that the law and order problem is worse in that State. Madam, take the case of West Bengal. What is happening there? Nobody is opening their mouth. (*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Mr. Narayanasamy, we are discussing the Governors.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, I am completing.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: We are discussing the salaries of the Governors. Nothing beyond that. So, please confine yourself to that.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, I am completing. Within one sentence, I am completing because I am supporting the Bill...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Okay. Then support and sit down.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Therefore, Madam, if the National Front Government are very serious about value-based politics and issue-based politics, if they take action [illegible] incidents that had been happening in West Bengal are concerned, I will welcome it. But they are keeping their eyes closed because they want the support of the CPM Government. The CPM Government have to support them, their Members have to support them. Therefore, they are allowing terrorism and lawlessness in one State and trying to...

SHRI SUNIL BASU RAY (West Bengal): How is this connected with the Governors' salaries?

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: How is it connected with the Governors' salaries and privileges? Let us not go all over the world and come back to the Governor.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, the Governor in Tripura is asked to submit a report about the law and order situation there...

SHRI T. A. MOHAMMED SAQHY (Tamil Nadu): Has it any relevance?

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Why is the National Front Government keeping its eyes closed? Why are the Home Minister and Prime Minister keeping quiet?

(*Interruptions*)

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN: Madam, tell him to go back to his seat.

SHRI T. A. MOHAMMED SAQHY: It is so nice of you to remind us.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I would rather let him sit on this seat and not speak.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Therefore, Madam, let them adhere to their policies and principles.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: Madam, if he wants to say that the appointment of Prof. Nurul Hasan as Governor was a political appointment, let him say so.

SHRI JAGESH DESAI (Maharashtra): He is within his parameter.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: ...because in West Bengal, Prof. Nurul Hasan is the Governor.

(*Interruptions*)

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Madam, I am completing in one sentence. If the National Front Government, specially the Janta Dal leaders believe in issue-based politics and value-based politics, let them take action against the West Bengal Government for the utter failure of law and order problem in that State...

(*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please do not interrupt. Let Mr. Narayanasamy, for the first time have his say.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: Mr. Narayanasamy seldom finds time to make a speech. At least he should make a speech.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: You are an expert, I know. I do not have your experience.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: I am hearing.

(*Interruptions*)

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Therefore, Madam...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: You support the Bill,

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Yes, Madam. But, let them take action against the West Bengal Government. The present Government ....

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: For saying this, you require the prompting of Mr. Dhawan.

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN: It is not fair.

SHRI JAGESH DESAI: This is going too far.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: I started with this long back.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I don't think Mr. Narayanasamy needs any prompting.

SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Let the Home Minister and the Prime Minister, if they believe in value-based politics take action against the West Bengal Government for the failure of law and order situation that is prevailing in that State.

उपसभापति : मालवीय जी, कृपया आप संक्षेप में अपनी बात कहिएगा।

श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय : जी, मेडम, मै दो मिनट में अपनी बात समाप्त करूंगा। माननीय उपसभापति महोदया, मै राज्यपाल (उपलब्धियां, भत्ते और विशेषाधिकार) संशोधन विधेयक, 1990 का समर्थन करता हुं लेकिन इस संबंध में मेरा एक सुझाव है। महोदया, 1952 से लेकर आज तक केन्द्र में तीन दलों की सरकारें रही हैं– कांग्रेस पार्टी की, जनता पार्टी की और आज नेशनल फ्रंट की सरकार है। हर सरकार के जमाने में राज्यपालों ने अपने राज्य के बाहर जाकर मुख्यमंत्रियों व मंत्रियों को शपथ दिलाने का कार्य किया है। कांग्रेस पार्टी के जमाने में भी यह हुआ, जनता पार्टी के जमाने में भी हुआ और अब इस सरकार के समय में भी हो रहा है। महोदया, चूंकि इस विधेयक का संबंध राज्यपालों के विशेषाधिकार से भी है इसलिए मैं सरकार को सुझाव देना चाहता हूं कि चूंकि जब-जब ऐसा हुआ है तब-तब राज्यपाल विवाद के विषय बने हैं, इसलिए कोई ऐसा कानून बनना चाहिए कि जब राज्यपाल किसी मुख्यमंत्री या मंत्रिपरिषद् के किसी सदस्य को शपथ दिलायें तो जिस राज्य के वे मुख्यमंत्री या मंत्री बनने वाले हों, उसी राज्य की सीमा के भीतर उन्हें शपथ दिलाई जानी चाहिए। मैं चाहता हूं कि राज्यपाल के अधिकारों को इस प्रकार से सीमित रखा

[श्री सत्यप्रकाश मालवीय]

जाए और मुझे पूरी आशा है कि वर्तमान सरकार इस संबंध में विचार करेगी और भविष्य में इस प्रकार का कोई संशोधन अवश्य लाएगी क्योंकि जब-जब ऐसा हुआ है तब-तब काफी विवाद हुआ है और संबंधित राज्यपालों की भी काफी आलोचना की गई है। धन्यवाद।

SHRI SUKOMAL SEN (West Bengal): Madam, there is no point in objecting to this Bill. But I would like to remind the Government about our party's position *vis-a-vis* the institution of Governors. They get their salaries, etc., at the expense of the State. They are paid from the State exchequer. We have consistently been maintaining that this institution is unnecessary, irrelevant and our experience is not encouraging. We know that the earlier Government used the post of Governors only to suit its political designs and to make many State Governments... (*Interruptions*)

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN: We did not do it.

SHRI SUKOMAL SEN: You did it, to destablise many State Governments in the past. This is our experience.

Madam, we feel that although this Government is trying to manage the affairs in a better way, this post is irrelevant, this institution is irrelevant and it should be abolished. At the same time, I would like to point out that the Governor of Tripura--I learn--has submitted a report to the Government of India about the happenings there. But I am sorry to say that the Government has not placed the report of the Governor of Tripura on the Table of the House and, therefore, we are not in a position of discuss it. What is the use of having a Governor there if we are not able to discuss in the House the report sent by him? Therefore, I feel that the report of the Governor of Tripura which has been submitted to the Government should be placed on the Table of the House so that we get an opportunity to disuss the situation there.

Thank you.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The question is:

That the Bill be passed.

The motion was adopted.

SPECIAL MENTIONS—Contd.

Alleged Rape of Harijan Women in Uttar Pradesh

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: We have now Special Mentions and then the National Commission for Women Bill, 1990. We will take up Special Mentions first. Shri Sangh Priya Gautam. Not here. Chowdhry Hari Singh. Not here. Dr. Yelamanchili Sivaji. Not here. Shri Kapil Verma.

SHRI KAPIL VERMA (Uttar Pradesh): Madam Deputy Chairman, it is a matter of great concern to us that almost every day we read in the newspapers about incidents of excesses against Harijans, particularly, Harijan women.

Here, I am referring to an incident in Unnao, Uttar Pradesh, which happened sometime ago, in which nine women, Harijan women, were raped. Twenty armed persons led by a farmer zamindar and *pradhan* allegedly raided Adharpura village falling under Achalganj police circle in Unnao District of Uttar Pradesh, raped nine Harijan women and ransacked their houses on 30th July. Those people who raided the village told the terrified victims that if they went out of their houses, they would be killed.

With great difficulty one person escaped, went to Lucknow and informed the Congress leaders there.